
Card Assembler

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Card Assembler is a free and open-source plug-in for [Gimp](#). Assembles an image according to an XML file blueprint. Meant for board game card creation.

Source code can be found on [Github](#).

FEATURES

- Gimp tools: single-color layer, textbox, import layers from a given XCF file etc.
- Load card layout information from an XML file blueprint.
- Command chaining, making templates possible.
- Export colors used in blueprint to Gimp as a palette.

INSTALLATION

Copy all PY files from `src/` into `cardassembler/` in your Gimp plug-in folder: `user/AppData/Roaming/GIMP/version/plugin-ins/`. Then **restart Gimp**.

HOW TO USE THIS PLUG IN

There is a new item in the menu bar - *Card Assembler* containing:

1. *Card Assembler*: Create board-game cards.
 - *Data Folder*: Data files location. Mainly the following xml file.
 - *XML file*: Name of the blueprint (XML) you want to use.
 - *CardIDs*: Path to the starting node within the blueprint.
 - Omit the root node. Steps are separated by spaces.
 - Write each CardID entry on a separate line.
 - Add “keepCmdOpen” as one of the IDs to keep Gimp’s cmd open.
 - *Save*: Save the image into a data folder subfolder as *image name.xcf*.
2. *Palette creator*: Export colors used in a blueprint to Gimp palette.
 - *Data Folder, XML file*: Same as above.
 - *PaletteID*: Path to the colors starting node (assuming there is a special color subtree).
 - *Name*: The new palette’s name.

COMPLIANCE

Versioning follows [Semantic Versioning 2.0.0](#).
Following [PEP8 Style Guide](#) coding conventions.
Testing with `unittest` and `pycodestyle`.

Card Assembler is licensed under the [MIT license](#).

5.1 Card Assembler overview

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Source code can be found on [Github](#).

5.1.1 Features

- Gimp tools: single-color layer, textbox, import layers from a given XCF file etc.
- Load card layout information from an XML file blueprint.
- Command chaining, making templates possible.
- Export colors used in blueprint to Gimp as a palette.

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5.1.3 How to use this plug in

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 - Add “keepCmdOpen” as one of the IDs to keep Gimp’s cmd open.

- *Save*: Save the image into a data folder subfolder as `image_name.xcf`.
2. *Palette creator*: Export colors used in a blueprint to Gimp palette.
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5.1.5 License

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5.2 Create a blueprint

Card Assembler works with an XML tree structure. When calling the plug-in in Gimp, you specify which node to start at. Its children are then alphabetically called to formulate respective layer builders.

Warning: Each layer must include `layer_type` tag! Accepted values are listed in section [Layer types](#).

Note: Term “*layer*” is used a bit vaguely here. Among real layers (e.g. background, imported image) are also other commands: selection, load a file etc.

5.2.1 Parsing

If a parameter `type` is not `str`, add attribute `parse` to the parameter's tag with value `int`, `float` or `tuple` as needed. For example:

```
<position parse="tuple">100, 125</position>
```

5.2.2 Newline

To get multiline text, use `\n` or input `text` tag multiple times.

```
<text>First line\nSecond line</text>\n<text>Third line</text>
```


5.2.3 Nesting

Any node can contain any number of `next` tags. Intentional usage is inserting card specific tags first and then let `next` point to some more general version (i.e. template).

Properties of `next` tag:

- points to another node in the data tree whose children are appended to the initial node
- can only add new tags, not rewrite the ones already in place
- is executed at the end of a layer definition regardless of its position
- relative order to other `next` tags is retained in the execution

It's recommended to place the tag at the beginning of a layer definition for easier readability.

It is useful to create separate color dedicated subtree. It can be later exported into Gimp as a palette.

```
<card>
  <command02_background>
    <next>color black</next>
    <layer_type>monochrome</layer_type>
    <size parse="tuple">800, 500</size>
  </command02_background>
</card>
...
<color>
  <black>#ffffff</black>
</color>
```

5.2.4 Examples

There are two example blueprints in `examples` folder. The first one provides a minimal blueprint to start with. The second one shows intended use.

- Minimal `blueprint.xml`

To assemble this card, use “example” as **CardIDs**. There are three commands in the file:

1. Blank canvas.
2. White background.
3. Text “Example 1” in the middle.

- Blueprint using a `template.xml` + `Data image.xcf`

To assemble this card, use “unique spell soothingWinds” as **CardIDs**.

The first tag (under the mentioned path) refers to the template for all spell cards, where universal details (such as title position) are specified. The main part continues by adding card specific details to the template-defined layers. Try to follow all `next` tags to discover its full structure.

Take notice of the last part tagged `color`. Using this definition, colors can be exported by filling “color” into **PaletteID**.

5.3 Layer types

All layer nodes can use `next` tag, see *Creating blueprint > Nesting*. In the following list of layer types parameters are formatted as follows:

- **name** (`type`, `default if optional`) Description

Note: Setting `add_to_position = -1` adds the layer to a recently defined group.

5.3.1 image

Create new image. Needed for any layer creation.

- **size** (`tuple`) Image dimensions in pixels note
- **name** (`str`, `Card Assembler Image`) Image name

5.3.2 monochrome

Single color filled layer.

- **size** (`tuple`) Layer dimensions in pixels
- **color** (`str`) Layer color in hex code
- **name** (`str`, `Monochrome`): Layer name
- **position** (`tuple`, `0, 0`)
- **add_to_position** (`int`, `0`) Position among layers (`-1` for *group*)

5.3.3 import_layer_load

Load new data image. The file has to be in the data folder. Filename is specified in the XML file. Name parameter is used in the XML file to reference the imported file. That's why it's not an optional parameter.

- **filename** (`str`) See description
- **name** (`str`) Name the data for future use by *import_layer*

5.3.4 import_layer

Copy layer from a data image.

- **target_file** (`str`) Use **name** filled in *import_layer_load*
- **target_layer** (`str`) Name of the layer to be imported in the target file
- **add_to_position** (`int`, `0`) Position among layers (`-1` for *group*)
- **name** (`str`, **target_layer**) Layer name
- **position** (`tuple`, `0, 0`)

5.3.5 group

Create new layer group. To fill next layers in, set their **add_to_position** parameter to `-1`.

- **add_to_position** (`int`, 0) Position among layers (`-1` for *group*)
- **name** (`str`, `Group`) Group name

5.3.6 text

Text layer.

- **text** (`str`) Text
- **font** (`str`) Font name
- **font_size** (`int`) Font size
- **font_scale** (`float`, 1) Multiply **font_size**
- **add_to_position** (`int`, 0) Position among layers (`-1` for *group*)
- **name** (`str`, `Gimp default = Text Layer`) Layer name
- **color** (`str`, `#000000`) Text color in hex code
- **size** (`tuple`, `autosize`) Layer dimensions in pixels
- **line_spacing** (`float`, 0) Line separation change
- **letter_spacing** (`float`, 0) Letters separation change
- **justification** (`int`, 0) Either left (0), right (1), center (2) or fill (3)
- **position** (`tuple`, 0, 0)

5.3.7 select

New selection by percentage of image size.

- **mode** (`str`, `select`) Either `select`, `select_invert` or `deselect`
- **left** (`float`, 0) Left edge position in percentage of the image size
- **right** (`float`, 100) Right edge position in percentage of the image size
- **top** (`float`, 0) Top edge position in percentage of the image size
- **bottom** (`float`, 100) Bottom edge position in percentage of the image size

5.3.8 mask

Mask layer. Create a mask for the given layer from the given selection.

- **target_layer** (`str`) Layer to be masked
- other parameters are passed to *select*

5.3.9 hide

Ignore command. Used for overrides, i.e. hiding a predefined (template) layer.

5.4 Library

5.4.1 cardassembler module

Main script which handles Gimp addone interface.

This code uses `gimpfu`. Written for Gimp 2.10.18 which uses Python 2.7.18.

Note: Probably: Gimp runs this script through `eval()` function inside its installation folder and direct import from different folder raises *access denied error*. See `_run_code()` function in *Gimp installation folder/lib/python2.7/runpy.py*.

`cardassembler.card_creator(data_folder, xml_file, card_IDS, save)`

Create board-game cards.

Registered function by `gimpfu.register()`. Main plugin functionality. Add “keepCmdOpen” among **cardIDs** to keep the cmd window open.

Parameters

- **data_folder** (*str*) – Blueprints (XML) and data images (XCF) folder
- **xml_file** (*str*) – Blueprint to be used (with extension)
- **card_IDS** (*str*) – Newline-separated paths to starting nodes.
- **save** (*bool*) – Save the images after generation

Raises ValueError – If cardIDs are empty.

`cardassembler.palette_creator(data_folder, xml_file, palette_ID, name)`

Create palette.

Registered function by `gimpfu.register()`. Supplemental plugin functionality.

Parameters

- **data_folder** (*str*) – Blueprints (XML) folder
- **xml_file** (*str*) – Blueprint to be used (with extension)
- **palette_ID** (*str*) – Path to the starting node.
- **name** (*str*) – Name of the created palette

Raises ValueError – If the paletteID is empty.

5.4.2 toolbox module

Supplemental script which handles Gimp's creative tools.

This code uses `gimpfu`. Written for Gimp 2.10.18 which uses Python 2.7.18.

class `toolbox.Toolbox` (*data_folder*, *xml_file*)

Blueprint-to-image manipulation tool.

This class offers means for creating common card components (i.e. text, icons). Then completes the image and optionally saves it. Probably you'll want to fine-tune the image manually.

Parameters

- **data_folder** (*str*) – Blueprints (XML) and data images (XCF) folder
- **xml_file** (*str*) – Blueprint to be used (with extension)

create_image (*card_ID*)

Blueprint to image.

Layout consists of layers which are called alphabetically.

Parameters **card_ID** (*str*) – Path to the starting node.

Raises

- **RuntimeError** – If there is no blueprint
- **KeyError** – If any of the layers has no type
- **ValueError** – If any of the layers has unknown type

_layer_image (*size*, *name*='Card Assembler Image', ***kwargs*)

Create new image. Needed for layer creation.

Parameters

- **size** (*tuple*) – Image dimensions in pixels
- **name** (*str*) – Image name, defaults to "Card Assembler Image"

_layer_monochrome (*size*, *color*, *name*='Monochrome', *position*=(0, 0), *add_to_position*=0, ***kwargs*)

Single color filled layer.

Parameters

- **size** (*tuple*) – Layer dimensions in pixels
- **color** (*str*) – Layer color in hex code
- **name** (*str*, *optional*) – Layer name, defaults to "Monochrome"
- **position** (*tuple*, *optional*) – Defaults to (0, 0)
- **add_to_position** (*int*, *optional*) – Position among layers (-1 adds the layer to a recently defined group), defaults to 0

Raises **RuntimeError** – If there is no image

_layer_import_layer_load (*filename*, *name*, ***kwargs*)

Load new data image.

The file has to be in the data folder. Filename is specified in the XML file. Name parameter is used in the XML file to reference the imported file. That's why it's not an optional parameter.

Parameters

- **filename** (*str*) – See description
- **name** (*str*) – Name the data for future use by `import_layer`

Raises RuntimeError – If there is no image

_layer_import_layer (*target_file, target_layer, add_to_position=0, name=None, position=(0, 0), **kwargs*)

Copy layer from a data image.

Parameters

- **target_file** (*str*) – Use **name** filled in `import_layer_load`
- **target_layer** (*str*) – Name of the layer to be imported in the target file
- **add_to_position** (*int, optional*) – Position among layers (-1 adds the layer to a recently defined group), defaults to 0
- **name** (*str or None, optional*) – Layer name, defaults to **target_layer**
- **position** (*tuple, optional*) – Defaults to (0, 0)

Raises RuntimeError – If there is no image

_layer_group (*add_to_position=0, name='Group', **kwargs*)

Create new layer group.

To fill next layers in, set theirs **add_to_position** parameter to -1.

Parameters

- **add_to_position** (*int, optional*) – Position among layers (-1 adds the layer to a recently defined group), defaults to 0
- **name** (*str, optional*) – Group name, defaults to “Group”

Raises RuntimeError – If there is no image

_layer_text (*text, font, font_size, font_scale=1, add_to_position=0, name=None, color='#000000', size=None, line_spacing=0, letter_spacing=0, justification=0, position=(0, 0), **kwargs*)

Text layer.

Parameters

- **text** (*str*) – Text
- **font** (*str*) – Font name
- **font_size** (*int*) – Font size
- **font_scale** (*float, optional*) – Multiply **font_size**, defaults to 1
- **add_to_position** (*int, optional*) – Position among layers (-1 adds the layer to a recently defined group), defaults to 0
- **name** (*str or None, optional*) – Layer name, defaults to None (Gimp default)
- **color** (*str, optional*) – Text color in hex code, defaults to “#000000”
- **size** (*tuple or None*) – Layer dimensions in pixels, defaults to None (autosize)
- **line_spacing** (*float, optional*) – Line separation change, defaults to 0
- **letter_spacing** (*float, optional*) – Letters separation change, defaults to 0
- **justification** (*int, optional*) – Either left(0), right(1), center(2) or fill(3), defaults to 0

- **position** (*tuple, optional*) – Defaults to (0, 0)

Raises RuntimeError – If there is no image

_layer_select (*mode='select', left=0, right=100, top=0, bottom=100, **kwargs*)

New selection by percentage of image size.

Parameters

- **mode** (*str*) – Either “select”, “select_invert” or “deselect”, defaults to “select”
- **left** (*float, optional*) – Left edge position in percentage of the image size, defaults to 0
- **right** (*float, optional*) – Right edge position in percentage of the image size, defaults to 100
- **top** (*float, optional*) – Top edge position in percentage of the image size, defaults to 0
- **bottom** – Bottom edge position in percentage of the image size, defaults to 100

Raises

- **RuntimeError** – If there is no image
- **ArithmeticError** – If width is not positive
- **ArithmeticError** – If height is not positive
- **ValueError** – If mode is unknown

_layer_mask (*target_layer, **kwargs*)

Mask layer.

Create a mask for the given layer from the given selection.

Parameters

- **target_layer** (*str*) – Layer to be masked
- **kwargs** (*various, optional*) – Additional named arguments are passed to `select`

_layer_hide (***kwargs*)

Ignore command.

Used for overrides, i.e. hiding a predefined (template) layer.

save_image ()

Save the image.

Filename: **image.name.xcf** into folder `saveDirectory` (subfolder of `dataFolder`).

create_palette (*palette_ID, name*)

Blueprint to palette.

Colors are sorted by their branch hight and then alphabetically.

Parameters

- **palette_ID** (*str*) – Path to the starting node.
- **name** (*str*) – Created palette name

5.4.3 blueprint module

Supplemental script which handles data manipulation.

Read an XML file and produce a layout list, which is then used by the main script *cardassembler*.

class `blueprint.Blueprint` (*file_path*)

Blueprint information handling class.

Can read XML file, produce layout list and palette.

Parameters `file_path` (*str* or *None*) – Folder containing XML blueprint

SPECIAL_TAGS = ['next', 'text']

Those tags are always stored in a list & have extra treatment in `_step_in()`.

_load (*file_path*)

Load XML file blueprint into a dictionary tree.

Parameters `file_path` (*str*) – Path to the XML file to load

Returns Tree structure of cards data

Return type `dict`

_ElementTree_to_dict (*parent*)

Translation from `xml.etree.ElementTree` to `dict` tree from the given node down.

Tags in `SPECIAL_TAGS` are stored in a list.

Parameters `parent` (`ElementTree.Element`) – A node of `ElementTree`

Returns Dictionary representation of the given tree

Return type `dict`

_parse (*text*, *target_type*)

`ElementTree.element.text` to various python types.

Input parsed as tuple can have any length. Its elements will be parsed as `int`

Parameters

- **text** (*str*) – Text to be parsed
- **target_type** (*str*) – Either “int”, “float” or “tuple”

Raises `ValueError` – If target type is not known

Returns Parsed value

Return type `int` or `float` or `tuple`

generate_layout (*start_by*)

Generate card layout given starting position.

Starting position children are sorted alphabetically (name them accordingly).

Parameters `start_by` (*str*) – Space separated path through data tree leading to the starting node

Returns Layout of the chosen card

Return type `list`

`_step_in` (*layout, this_step*)

Browse data guided by the next tag.

Do not overwrite (first in stays). Further next tags are served successively in the order according to the XML file. If there are multiple `text` tags, join them by `\n`

Parameters

- **layout** (*dict*) – Input layout
- **this_step** (*str*) – Where does this step leads

Returns Filled layout

Return type `dict`

`_goto` (*next_steps*)

Find target dict tree node and return its sub tree.

Analogous to successive application of `dict.get()`.

Parameters **next_steps** (*str*) – Space separated key sequence.

Raises **KeyError** – If one of the given keys doesn't exist.

Returns Sub-tree of the `self.data` dict tree.

Return type `dict`

`generate_palette` (*start_by*)

Make palette out of colors used by cards.

To be used in another mini plug-in to import palette into Gimp.

Parameters **start_by** (*str*) – Path through the data tree (space separated)

Returns Pairs of name and color

Return type `list`

`_harvest_leaves` (*color_tree*)

Find the path to the leaves of the given tree, whose tag is `color`.

Kinda inverse to `_goto()`.

Parameters **color_tree** (*dict*) – Part of the data (dict tree) to look for colors in

Returns List colors as `tuple` of space delimited path and color code

Return type `list`

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